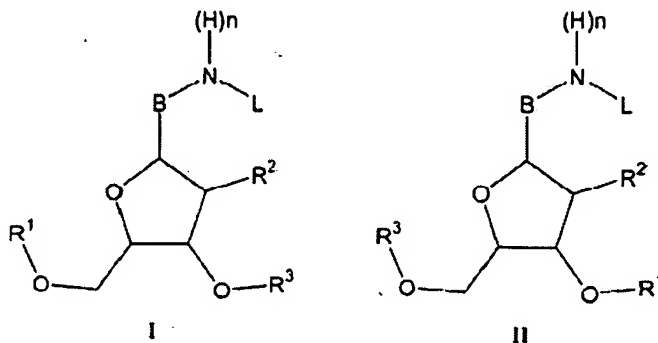


AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (currently amended) A quality control method for determining degree of deprotection of protected reactive groups in manufacturing a biopolymer array, the method comprising
 - (a) synthesizing a plurality of different biopolymer species on an array from monomeric or oligomeric building blocks comprising detectable protecting groups coupled directly to the building blocks, wherein at least some of the detectable protecting groups couple directly to amino groups of the building blocks and remain coupled until synthesis is terminated,
 - (b) after synthesis is terminated, achieving a degree of deprotection by taking one or more steps to cleave leaving off the detectable protecting groups, and
 - (c) carrying out a determination of a degree of deprotection by detecting detectable protecting groups remaining on the array after cleavage, and
 - (d) repeating steps (b) and (c) if detectable protecting groups are detected,

wherein ~~steps (a), (b), and (c)~~ are the quality control method is performed on the array ~~and wherein at least some of the detectable protecting groups directly couple to and protect nucleobase amino groups.~~
2. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the detectable protecting groups are fluorescent groups.
3. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein the fluorescent groups are selected from the group consisting of compounds comprising pyrene, dansyl, stilbene, rhodamine, or coumarin.
- 4-11 (canceled)
12. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the biopolymer species are selected from the group consisting of nucleic acids, nucleic acid analogs, peptides, and peptide analogs.
13. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the biopolymer species are selected from the group consisting of nucleic acids and nucleic acid analogs and wherein the detectable protecting groups are coupled to nucleobases.
14. (canceled)

15. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the building blocks for the biopolymer synthesis are monomeric nucleotide building blocks having the general structural formulae (I) or (II):



wherein R^1 is an hydroxy protecting group,

R^2 is -H, $-(C_1-C_{10})$ -alkoxy, $-(C_2-C_{10})$ -alkenyloxy, $-(C_2-C_{10})$ -alkynyloxy, -halogen, -azido, $-NHR^7$, $-SR^7$ or $-OR^7$, wherein R^7 is a protecting group or a reporter group,

R^3 is a phosphate, an H-phosphonate or other phosphate analog group which may contain a protecting group,

B is a nucleobase or a nucleobase analog,

n is 0 or 1, and

L is a detectable protecting group.

16. (original) The method of claim 15, wherein R^1 is selected from the group consisting of substituted triphenylmethyl groups, pixyl groups, photocleavable groups, and substituted silyl protecting groups.
17. (original) The method of claim 15, wherein R^1 is selected from the group consisting of 4,4'-dimethoxy triphenylmethyl compounds, 4-monomethoxy triphenyl compounds, p-nitrophenylpropoxy carbonyl (NPPOC), $(\alpha$ -methyl)-6-nitropiperonyloxy carbonyl (MeNPOC), *tert*-butyldimethyl silyl (TBDMS), and *tert*-butyldiphenyl silyl (TBDPS).
18. (original) The method of claim 15, wherein R^3 is a phosphite amide group.
19. (previously presented) The method of claim 18 wherein R^3 is $-P(R^6)-NR^4R^5$ wherein R^4 and R^5 are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, $-(C_1-C_{10})$ -alkyl, $-(C_2-C_{10})$ -alkenyl, and $-(C_6-C_{22})$ -aryl, and R^6 is selected from the group consisting of H, $-(C_2-C_6)$ -alkenyloxy, $-(C_2-C_6)$ -alkenyl, -

(C₁-C₆)-alkyl, and -(C₁-C₆)-alkoxy, wherein each group contains a substituent selected from the group consisting of -halo, p-nitroaryloxy, and -cyano.

20. (original) The method of claim 19, wherein R⁶ is a 2-cyanoethyloxy group.
21. (original) The method of claim 15 wherein L has the structure -C(O)-R when n=1, or =CH-NR⁸R when n=0, wherein R is a residue of the protecting group and R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of H and -(C₁-C₃)-alkyl.
22. (previously presented) The method of claim 15, wherein B is selected from the group consisting of adenine (A), guanine (G), cytosine (C), aza analogs of A, G, and C, deaza analogs of A, G, and C, combination aza and deaza analogs of A, G, and C and analogs thereof containing additional amino groups.
- 23-26 (canceled)